

1. Show that for all  $X \in M_n(\mathbb{C})$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \left[ I + \frac{X}{m} \right]^m = e^X.$$

2. (a) Show that the following matrices form a basis for the real Lie algebra  $\mathfrak{su}(2)$ :

$$E_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} i & 0 \\ 0 & -i \end{pmatrix}, \quad E_2 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad E_3 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (b) Show that  $\mathfrak{su}(2)$  and  $\mathfrak{sl}(2; \mathbb{R})$  are not isomorphic Lie algebras, even though  $\mathfrak{su}(2)_{\mathbb{C}} \cong \mathfrak{sl}(2; \mathbb{R})_{\mathbb{C}} \cong \mathfrak{sl}(2; \mathbb{C})$ .

3. Let  $X \in \mathfrak{gl}(n; \mathbb{C})$  be a diagonalizable matrix. Show that  $\text{ad}_X$  is a diagonalizable operator on  $\mathfrak{gl}(n; \mathbb{C})$ .

4. Show that the subalgebra of  $\mathfrak{sl}(3; \mathbb{C})$  consisting of matrices of the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} * & * & 0 \\ * & * & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

is isomorphic to  $\mathfrak{sl}(2; \mathbb{C})$ . This lets us view  $\mathfrak{sl}(3, \mathbb{C})$  as an  $\mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{C})$ -module, with action given by  $x \cdot y = [x, y]$  for  $x \in \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{C})$  and  $y \in \mathfrak{sl}(3, \mathbb{C})$ . Find the irreducible decomposition of this module.

5. Let  $V \cong \mathbb{C}^2$  be the standard representation of  $\mathfrak{sl}_2(\mathbb{C})$ . Show that for  $a \geq b$

$$\text{Sym}^a V \otimes \text{Sym}^b V = \text{Sym}^{a+b} V \oplus \text{Sym}^{a+b-2} V \oplus \dots \oplus \text{Sym}^{a-b} V.$$