

1. For the following functions, algebraically determine the points of discontinuity of f . Justify your answer.

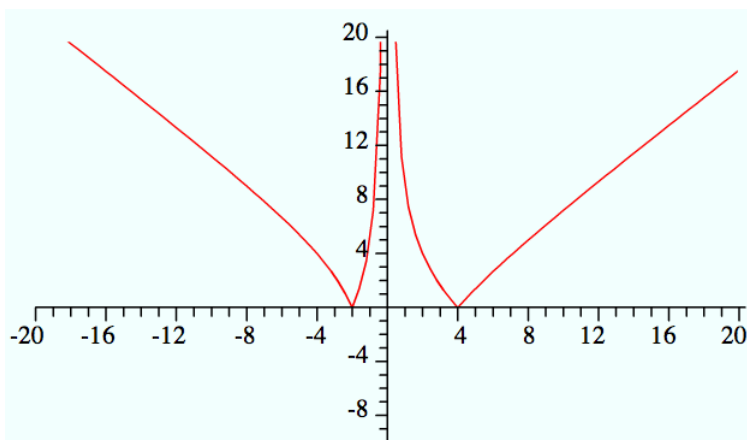
$$(a) f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 10 & \text{if } x \leq -2 \\ x^2 + 4 & \text{if } -2 < x < 6. \\ 3x + 2 & \text{if } 6 \leq x \end{cases}$$

$$(b) f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x < 7 \\ x^2 + 2x + 1 & \text{if } 7 \leq x \leq 10. \\ 3x^2 - 8x & \text{if } 10 < x \end{cases}$$

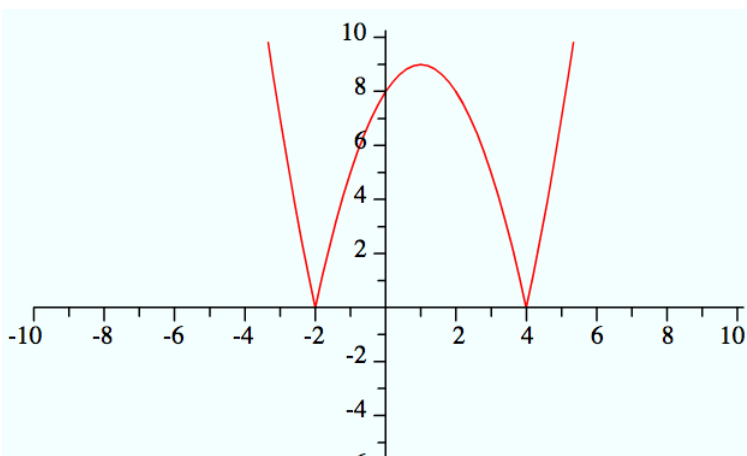
2. Find the value of k so that $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2 + 2x + 1 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ kx + 3 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$ is continuous on \mathbb{R} .

3. For each of the following graphs of a function $f(x)$, answer the following questions.

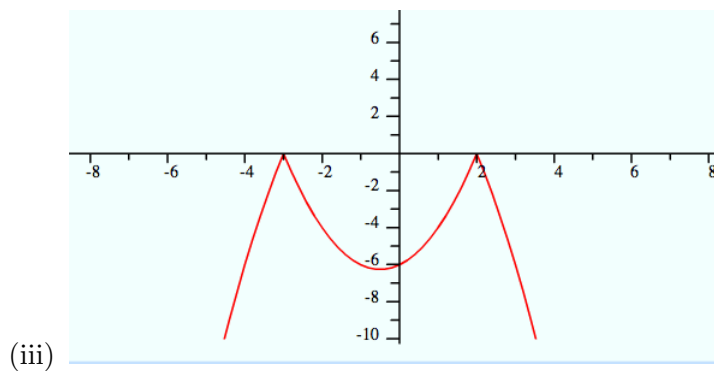
- Find the values of x where f is NOT differentiable and why.
- Find the values of x for which f' is positive.
- Find the values of x for which f' is negative.
- Find the values of x for which f' is zero.



(i)



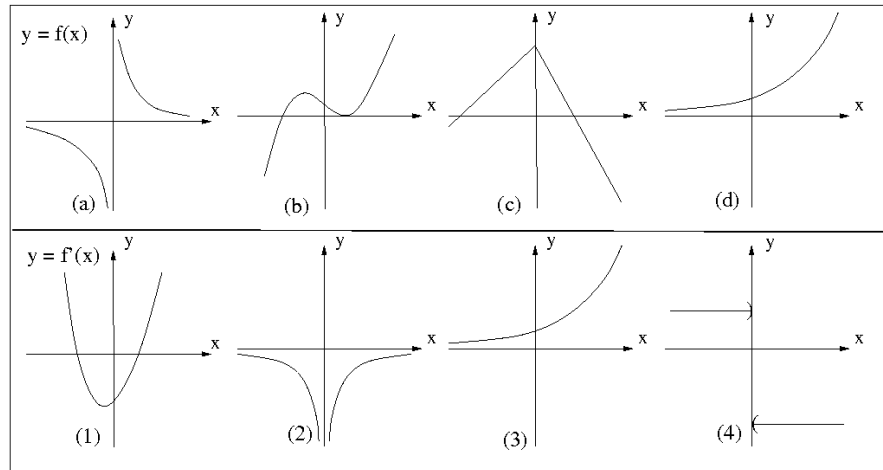
(ii)



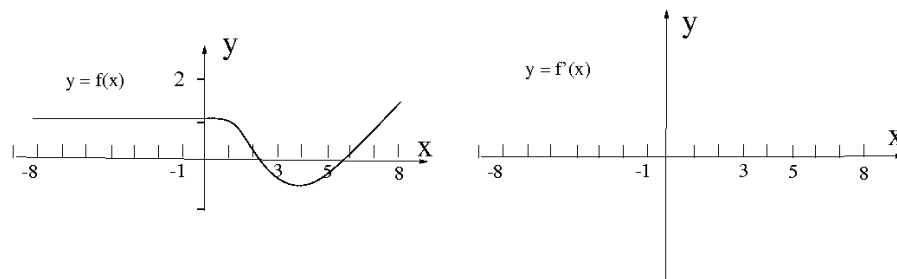
4. Use the limit definition of the derivative to find $f'(x)$ for the following functions.
- $f(x) = \sqrt{x+5}$
 - $f(x) = \frac{3x+1}{2x+4}$
 - $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$
 - $f(x) = x^2 + 5x$
5. For the the following limits, find a $\delta > 0$ such that if $|x - a| < \delta$, then $|f(x) - L| < \varepsilon$. Show all work used to arrive at your answer
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (2x + 5) = 11$, and $\varepsilon = .04$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \sqrt{9 - x} = 4$ and $\varepsilon = .023$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (3x + 9) = 21$ and $\varepsilon = .017$
6. A particle travels in a straight line according to the position function $s(t) = 9t^2 + 5t$ meters where t is in seconds.
- Find the velocity as a function of t . Include the units.
 - Find the acceleration as a function of t . Include the units.
 - What is the acceleration when the velocity is 0? Include the units.
7. If a rock is thrown upward on the planet Mars with a velocity of 10 m/s, its height (in meters) after t seconds is given by $H = 10t - 1.76t^2$.
- Find the velocity of the rock after one second.
 - Find the velocity of the rock when $t = a$.
 - When will the rock hit the surface?
 - With what velocity will the rock hit the surface?
8. Consider a spring which is attached to a wall on the left and has a mass attached on the right. The equilibrium position when the spring is still corresponds to $x = 0$ and the positive direction is to the right. If the mass is pulled out to the right, the mass vibrates horizontally on a smooth level surface according to the equation of motion $x(t) = 2 \cos t + 7 \sin t$ where x is the displacement from the equilibrium position.

- (a) Find the velocity, $v(t)$, and acceleration, $a(t)$, functions and graph them on the interval $[0, 2\pi]$.
- (b) What is the initial position, velocity and acceleration?
- (c) At what times is the speed (which equals $|v(t)|$) largest and what is the largest speed?
9. Compute the following limits algebraically using limit laws. If the limit is $+\infty$ or $-\infty$, then say so. You must show work or justification for each of your answers.
- (a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3e^x + 1}{4e^x - 1}$
- (b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3e^{2x} + 1}{4e^x - 1}$
- (c) $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 4t}{\sin 9t}$
- (d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2 + 3x}{\sqrt{3x^4 + 1}}$
- (e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{3x}$
- (f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2 + 3x}{4x^3 + 9x + 1}$
10. For the following functions determine the vertical and horizontal asymptotes, if any exist.
- (a) $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{9x^4 - x}}{x^2 - 1}$
- (b) $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 + x}{x^2 - 3x + 2}$
- (c) $f(x) = \frac{1 + e^{4x}}{1 - 3e^{4x}}$
11. Use differentiation rules to find the derivatives of each of the following functions. Show your work. There is no need to simplify your answers beyond easy simplifications.
- (a) $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^3 + 1}$
- (b) $f(t) = \frac{6t^4 - 2t + 1}{\cos(t^2 + 1)}$
- (c) $g(x) = \sin e^{2x}$
- (d) $h(z) = z^3 + 9z + 4 + \frac{3}{z^3}$
- (e) $f(x) = \tan^2(x^3)$
12. If $f(t) = te^{2t}$, find $f'(t)$ and $f''(t)$.
13. If $s(x) = x^2 + 4x + 9$, find $s'(x)$ and $s''(x)$.
14. If $f(t) = \frac{3t + 1}{4t + 1}$, find $f'(t)$ and $f''(t)$.

15. Match the graph of each function in (a)-(d) with the graph of its derivative in (1)-(4). Give reason for your choice.



16. Given the sketch of $y = f(x)$, sketch a graph of $f'(x)$.



17. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = x^3 + 3x + 1$ at $x = 0$.
18. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = \sqrt{2x^2 + 3x + 1}$ at $x = 3$.
19. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1}$ at $x = 0$.