

3. (10 points) The volume of a certain tree is given by  $V = \frac{1}{12\pi} C^2 h$ , where  $C$  is the circumference of the tree at the ground level and  $h$  is the height of the tree. If  $C$  is 5 feet and growing at the rate of 0.2 feet per year, and if  $h$  is 22 feet and is growing at 4 feet per year, find the rate of growth of the volume  $V$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{dt} &= \frac{d}{dt} \left[ \frac{1}{12\pi} C^2 h \right] = \frac{1}{12\pi} \left[ 2C \frac{dC}{dt} h + C^2 \frac{dh}{dt} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{12\pi} \left[ 2 \cdot 5 \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot 22 + 25 \cdot 4 \right] = \frac{1}{12\pi} [44 + 100] = \frac{144}{12\pi} = \frac{12}{\pi} \end{aligned}$$

4. Let  $g$  be a function such that  $g(2) = 4$  and whose derivative is known to be  $g'(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$ .

- (a) (5 points) Use a linear approximation to estimate the value of  $g(1.95)$ . Show your work.

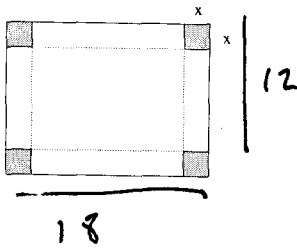
$$\begin{aligned} g(1.95) &\approx g(2) + (1.95 - 2)g'(2) = 4 - .05(\sqrt{2^2 + 1}) = 4 - .05 \cdot \sqrt{5} \\ &\approx 3.89 \end{aligned}$$

- (b) (5 points) Do you think your estimate in part (a) is an overestimate or an underestimate? Explain.

note  $g' > 0$ ,  $g'' = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} > 0 \Rightarrow g$  is concave up

$\therefore$  the graph of  $g$  is above its tangent line  
 $\Rightarrow$  the lin. approx is an underestimate

5. (10 points) An open top rectangular box is to be made from a  $12 \times 18$  inch piece of cardboard by cutting a square of side  $x$  from each corner and folding up the sides along the dotted edges (See figure below). Find  $x$  at which the resulting box has the (global) maximum volume.



$$0 \leq x \leq 6 \quad \text{height} = x$$

$$\text{width} = 12 - 2x \quad \text{depth} = 18 - 2x$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= x(12 - 2x)(18 - 2x) = 4x(6 - x)(9 - x) \\ &= 4x(x^2 - 15x + 54) = 4x^3 - 60x^2 + 216x \end{aligned}$$

$$V' = 12x^2 - 120x + 216 = 6(2x^2 - 20x + 36)$$

$$= 12(x^2 - 10x + 18) = 0 \quad x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{100 - 72}}{2} = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{28}}{2}$$

take  $x = \frac{10 - \sqrt{28}}{2} = 5 - \sqrt{7} \approx 2.35$

this is the only interior crit. pt.

note  $V(5 - \sqrt{7}) > 0$

and  $V(0) = V(6) = 0$

$V$  is maximized at  $x = 5 - \sqrt{7}$